IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF WEST VIRGINIA

CHARLESTON DIVISION

IN RE: ETHICON, INC.

PELVIC REPAIR SYSTEM

PRODUCTS LIABILITY LITIGATION

MDL 2327

THIS DOCUMENT RELATES TO:

King et al. v. Johnson & Johnson

Civil Action No. 2:12-cv-09277

ORDER

Pending is a Motion to Dismiss for Failure to Timely Effect Service of Process, filed by defendant Johnson & Johnson on October 5, 2017 ("Motion"). [ECF No. 6]. For the reasons stated below, the Motion is **GRANTED**.

I. Background

This case resides in one of seven MDLs assigned to me by the Judicial Panel on Multidistrict Litigation concerning the use of transvaginal surgical mesh to treat pelvic organ prolapse and stress urinary incontinence. In the seven MDLs, there are approximately 28,000 cases currently pending, over 17,000 of which are in the Ethicon, Inc. MDL, MDL 2327. Managing the MDLs requires the court to streamline certain litigation procedures in order to improve efficiency for the parties and the court. Some of these management techniques simplify the parties' responsibilities. For instance, the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure require a plaintiff to serve the defendant a summons and a copy of the complaint. Fed. R. Civ. P. 4(c)(1). However,

in this MDL, the defendants agreed to waive formal service of process as long as the plaintiff sends by email or certified mail "the short form complaint and, if in their possession, a sticker page or other medical record identifying the product(s) at issue in the case." See Pretrial Order #20, In re: Ethicon, Inc. Pelvic Repair System Products Liability Litigation, No. 2:12-md-2327, http://www.wvsd.uscourts.gov/MDL/ethicon/pdfs/PTO_20.pdf. Thus, the court excused the plaintiffs from formally serving process on the defendant here, if they completed this simple procedure. Nevertheless, the plaintiffs in this case failed to effectuate service by either method within the time allotted under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 4(m).1

II. Analysis

The defendant moves to dismiss this case for insufficient service of process under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 12(b)(5). Rule 4(m), which governs the sufficiency of service of process, provides:

If a defendant is not served within 120 days after the complaint is filed, the court—on motion or on its own after notice to the plaintiff—must dismiss the action without prejudice against that defendant or order that service be made within a specified time. But if the plaintiff shows good cause for the failure, the court must extend the time for service for an appropriate period.

Here, the plaintiffs filed their complaint with the court on December 19, 2012(Complaint [ECF No. 1]). Therefore, the plaintiffs were required to either serve the defendant under Rule 4 or comply with Pretrial Order # 20 by or about April 18,

2

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¹ Any reference to rule 4(m) is to the 1993 version in effect at the time the plaintiffs filed the complaint with this court.

2013, but never effectuated service by either method. (Defs.' Mot. to Dismiss [ECF No. 6]).

In the instant Motion, the defendant seeks its dismissal from this case pursuant to Federal Rules of Civil Procedure 12(b)(5) and 4(m). The deadline to file a Response to the Motion has passed and, as of the date of this order, the plaintiffs have still not filed a Response. As a result, the court **ORDERS** that the Motion to Dismiss for Failure to Timely Effect Service of Process, filed by defendant Johnson & Johnson, is **GRANTED**. See Osborne v. Long, 2012 WL 851106, at *10 n.5 (S.D.W. Va. 2012) (referencing authority for the proposition that federal courts may grant a motion to dismiss without reaching the merits on the grounds that the plaintiff's failure to respond operates as a concession to that motion, or that dismissal is appropriate as a sanction for failure to prosecute) (citing Fox v. American Airlines, Inc., 389 F.3d 1291, 1294–1295 (D.C. Cir. 2004); Pomerleau v. West Springfield Public Schools, 362 F.3d 143, 145 (1st Cir. 2004); Stackhouse v. Mazurkiewicz, 951 F.2d 29, 30 (3d Cir. 1991)).

Because Johnson & Johnson is the only named defendant in this case, the court ORDERS that this case be DISMISSED without prejudice.

The court **DIRECTS** the Clerk to send a copy of this Order to counsel of record and any unrepresented party.

ENTER: December 11, 2017

JOSEPH R. GOODWIN UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE